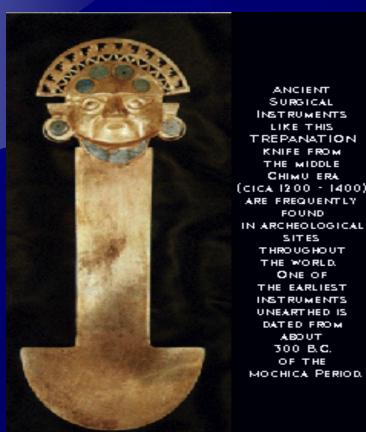
HISTORY OF NEUROSURGERY/INDIAN NEUROSURGERY AND NEUROSURGICAL GIANTS

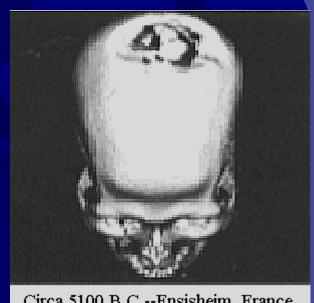
Presented by: Amit Thapa

"Only the man who knows exactly the art and science of the past and present is competent to aid in its progress in the future"

Christian Albert Theodor Billroth

1700 B.C.- Edwin Smith surgical Papyrus 460-377 B.C., Hippocrates, Greece "Father of Medicine"





History of Neurosurgery- 3 epochs

- 3 technological advances
- Cerebral localization theory
- Antiseptic/ aseptic techniques
- Anesthesia- general / local

Neurosurgery becomes distinct profession

Pre-modern: before Macewan, 1879 when all 3 tenets used in practice

Gestational: 1879- 1919 transition into distinct profession

Modern: after Cushing, 1919 develops into distinct profession

Contemporary: present day operative microscope, imaging advances, GKS

1835- 1911, John Hughlings Jackson: Founder of cerebral localisation & Neurology

Cerebral localization of function: 1881, International Medical Congress, London Goltz Vs Ferrier

1888, Victor Horsley: cortical map

Charles Sherrington (1857-1952):

'Father of Modern Neurophysiology'

1906, 'The integrative Action of the nervous system'

1846: Anesthesia

1867: Antisepsis

1883, Camillo Golgi: Nerve network doctrine

Cajal: Neuron theory

Waldeyer: coined 'Neuron' for independent nerve unit

1891: Asepsis

1870, Ernst von Bergmann, Germany

1st Textbook on surgery on nervous system

1876, Pierre Paul Broca, Paris:

1st to localize & drain brain abscess

Sir William Macewan:

1879- localized + excised tumor (meningioma)

1883- Laminectomy

1884, Francesco Durante diagnosed & removed Olfactory groove meningioma

1888, William Bennett- posterior rhizotomy for pain

1908, Fedor Krause-

Founder of German Neurological surgery

1st to study human cerebral cortex in detail

1929, Berger: introduced EEG

1935, Foerster & Altenburger: 1st described EEG

Dr Amit Thapa

Neuroendoscopy

- 1879, Max Nitze- 1st modern endoscope
- 1910, L' Espinasse- 1st NSx endoscope
 - Fulguration of choroid plexus
- 1922, Walter Dandy-
 - Endoscopic choroid plexectomy
 - 1923, Mixter- 1st ETV using urethroscope

Neuroradiology

- 1895, Wilhelm Conrad Rontgen: X rays
- 1901, Oppenheim: Cranial Roentogenology
- Walter Dandy: Ventriculography
- Arthur Schuller: Father of modern Neuro-radiology
- 🔭 1947, George Moore: Radionuclide imaging
 - 1960s, Lars Leksell: *GKS*

William William Keen Jr:

Pioneer american neurological surgeon Suture duramater - *decrease CSF leak*

1920, Society of Neurological surgeons

Harvey Cushing (President)

Ernest Sachs (Secretary Treasurer)

Charles H Frazier

Edward Archibald

World Federation of Neurological Societies

Founded in 1955

Brain child: Dr William B Scoville, Connecticut

Sir Geoffrey Jefferson, England (President)

First congress in 1957

1910, Oscar Hirsch-Trans-septal approach to pituitary

1932, W Gayle Crutchfield- skeletal traction for cervical spine fractures

1952, Irving Cooper-Chemo-pallidectomy for parkinsonism

Microneurosurgery

- 1892; 'microsurgery'- neurologic pathway, amphibia
- 1950s: William Lougheed in lab
- 1957: Theodore Kurze & William House, acoustics
- 1960: Julius Jacobson- 1st microvascular neurosurgery
 - MCA embolectomy
- 1962: Jules Hardy, *M/E TNTS*
- 1964: Robert Rand, *M/E Aneurysm Sx*
- 1967: M Gazi Yasargil, 1st EC-IC bypass
- 1967: Jannetta & Rand, CN V decompression

Hindu mythology-

Ganesha: First recipient of head transplant

Sushrutha- 'Sushrutha Samhita'

'Jivaka'- personal physician of Lord Buddha Removed intracranial tumors through trephine hole

2 drugs- 'sammohini' and 'sanjivini'

Neurology flourished before birth of Christ

Yoga- means to realise one's true self

Madras & Calcutta Medical College, 1835

Grant Medical College, 1848

PRE- INDEPENDENCE

- 1935, Col Anderson- Trans-sphenoidal Hypophysectomy
- **S**Bombay:

Ardeshir P Bacha, GV Deshmukh, RN Cooper, AV Baliga

Madras:

NS Narasimhan, CP Vishwanatha Menon, U Mohan Rao

- Amritsar: Col R Mirajkar, Baldev Singh
- Bangalore: Balakrishna Rao

POST- INDEPENDENCE

Ram Ginde (Canada), Omar Jooma (UK)

Jacob Chandy:

1946, Montreal Neurological Institute

Narasimhan:

1946, New York Neurological Institute

1948, Private NSx and EEG clinic (Madras)

Ramamurthi: 1948, UK

Jacob Chandy:

1949, 1st N.Sc Dept at CMC, Vellore

B Ramamurthi:

1950, N.Sx Dept, Madras Medical College Later became Institute of Neurology

Ram Ginde:

1953, N.Sx Dept, Seth GSMC & KEM, Bombay

Indian Neurosurgery Early Challenges

- Misconceptions: brain tumors rare in indians
- Brain tumors remained undiagnosed
- Fear amongst public about brain surgery
- 90% patients seen were blind
- Few facilities for diagnosis and even fewer Rx
- High operative mortality
- Resource Crunch

Indian Neurosurgery *Leaders*

- Col Ray: 1st Indian Army Neurosurgeon
- R N Chatterjee, Calcutta (1955)
- Victor Rao, Delhi (1956)
- Balaparameswara Rao, Vishakapatnam (1956)
- Dayanand Rao, Hyderabad (1957)
- Homi Dastur, Bombay (1958)
- 🤁 R M Varma, Bangalore (1958)
- P N Tandon, Lucknow (1961)
 - Desraj Gulati, Chandigarh (1962)

Indian Neurosurgery Leaders

Dr Baldev Singh:

- Founder of Modern Neurology in India
- Dr T K Ghosh: another father figure
- University of Madras: 1st recognized NS as speciality
- CMC, Vellore & Madras Medical College, Madras: 1st started training programs
 - MS Neurosurgery: Madras University, 1961
 - Dr K V Mathai: CMC, Vellore first recipient

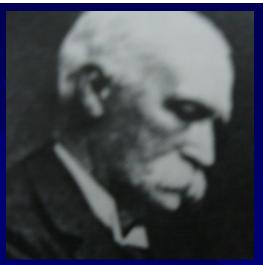
Indian Neurosurgery Neurological Society of India

- Founder President: Dr Jacob Chandy
- Founder Treasurer: Dr Baldev Singh, S T Narasimhan
- Founder Secretary: B Ramamurthy
- 8th December, 1951
- 1st Meeting: Hyderabad, 1952; 32 members
- 1953, Journal of NSI
- 1974, Started CME
- 1985, Progress in Clinical Neurosciences
- NSx subsection: member of WFNS

Neurosurgical Giants William Halsted

- 'Asepsis' practice
- Rubber glove
- Surgical technique
 - Gentle dissection
 - Fine silk ligature to secure vessels "only"
 - Sealing wound with silver foil
 - Avoidance of drainage and frequent dressing
- Cocaine as local anaesthetic agent- 'truncal block'

Neurosurgical Giants Sir William Macewan



1848- 1924. Pioneer Scottish Neurosurgeon Chief pioneer of Craniocerebral surgery

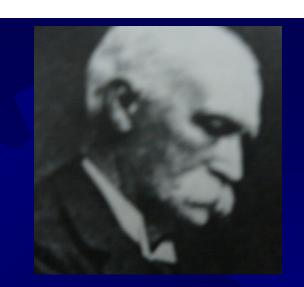
Antiseptic to aseptic surgery,

Abandon wooden instruments

2 great advances

- 1st to explore brain & spinal cord on basis of localized neurological dysfunction
- Study pyogenic infection of brain and spinal cord

Neurosurgical Giants Sir William Macewan



Introduce

- Endotracheal intubation in place of tracheostomy (1880)
- New radical cure of hernia
- Chromic catgut
- Pneumonectomy (1895) 'severe' tuberculosis

Transplantation of bone-

repair of skull defect



1857-1916

Founder of modern Neurological Surgery 'First specialized surgical neurologist'

3 contributions

Experimental research

Electrical stimulation of motor area, rhesus monkey

- localization, 1888 Horsley's cortical map

Surface markings for the underlying cortex

Epilepsy

Motor function of internal capsule

Cerebral edema

Artificial respiration

Neurosurgical Giants Victor Horsley

Forms of treatment

Acceptable operative mortality

Antiseptic technique

Smooth anaesthesia- preferred chloroform over ether

Excision of gasserian ganglion- trigeminal neuralgia

Significance of papilledema

Decompression to save eyesight in raised ICP

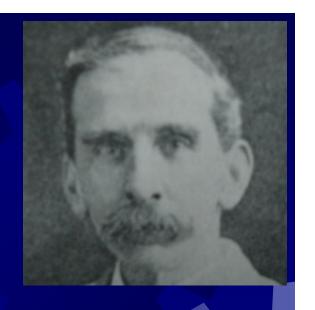
1887, removed spinal neoplasm

Decompressive laminectomy for *potts*

Craniectomy for *microcephaly*

20 debridement - infected craniocerebral wound

Lumbar Drain to decrease ICP



Neurosurgical Giants Victor Horsley

Surgical craft

Dexterity - Speed of operating

small vessel hemorrhage- hot saline douches

bone bleed- 'bone wax'

use muscle to control bleed

curved skin incision

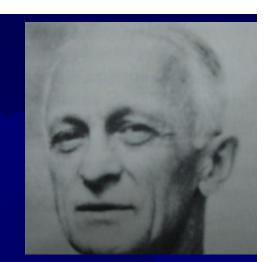
1886, 1st Sx for focal epilepsy

1890, retrogasserian neurotomy - tic douloureux

+ Clarke (1908)- stereotaxic apparatus

Neurosurgical Giants HARVEY WILLIAMS CUSHING

April 8, 1869- October 7, 1939



American first neurosurgeon, Father of modern NSx

W S Halsted & William Osler- teachers

+ Ernest Amory Codman: 1st anaesthetic, "Ether Chart"

First to map human cerebral cortex with faradic stimulation in conscious patients

March 1909, first operation for acromegaly

1910, small silver clip (Cushing's clip).

Neurosurgical Giants HARVEY WILLIAMS CUSHING

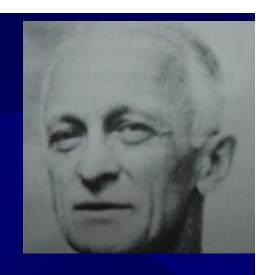
Introduced suction to deal with

blood in deep recesses of brain

Described Cushing's law & Cushing's triad

+ Dr William Bovie: electric coagulation (1926)

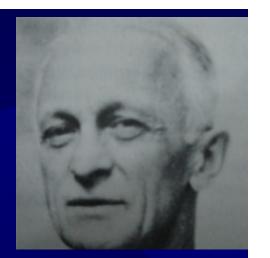
- Defined acoustic neuroma & syndrome of CPA
- Syndromes & Clinical entities:
 - Cushing's Syndrome
 - Rokitansky Cushing Ulcer
 - Neurath-Cushing syndrome
 - Cushing's symphalangism



Neurosurgical Giants HARVEY WILLIAMS CUSHING

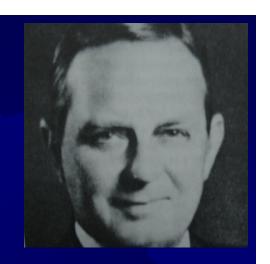
- Standardisation of Surgical techniques-
 - Compressing scalp for hemostasis,
 - Waxing the bone edges,
 - Hemostatic clips,
 - Electrocautery, motor driven suction
- Classified brain tumors with Percival Bailey
 - Exp with cocain nerve blocks,
 - coined 'regional anaesthesia'
 Medical Historian: Biographer of Sir William Osler

(Pulitzer, 1926)



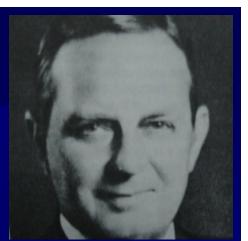
Neurosurgical Giants Walter Edwards Dandy

April 6, 1886- April 19, 1946



- + Kenneth Blackfan, established modern concept of circulation of CSF and hydrocephalus.
- Developed choroid plexectomy, third ventriculostomy and catherisation of aqueduct of sylvius
- First to discover **pneumoperitoneum**
- Ventriculography in 1918.
 - Expose & resect pineal tumor

Neurosurgical Giants Walter Edwards Dandy



1917, Remove 1st acoustic neuroma completely

Pioneer in Sx of AVM and intracranial aneurysm (clip aneurysmal neck)

Rx Meniere's disease by sectioning CN VIII

First to intracranially section CN IX -

Glossopharyngeal neuralgia.

Section sensory root of CN V - tic douloureux

"Dandy's embryo"

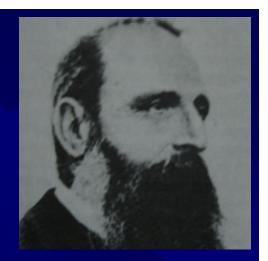
Neurosurgical Giants Antonio Egas moniz



- Portugese neurologist, Lisbon: 1874-1955
- 1920s-Cerebral angiography & encephalography (Nominated for nobel prize, 1928)
- Founder of neuroradiology
 - 1935- prefrontal leucotomy for schizophrenia (Nobel prize, 1949)
 - Coined term psychosurgery.

Neurosurgical Giants Francesco Durante

- 1844-1934
- **Durante- Conheim theory:**
- genesis of tumors from enclosed embryonic rests
- General sugery:
 - Cure of surgical TB with iodo-iodurate
 - cuneiform resection of knee articulation
 - Partial/ total astragalectomy
 - First arterial suture
- Successfully removed olfactory groove meningioma
- Osteoplastic flap
- Hypophysectomy by pharyngeal approach



Neurosurgical Giants Fedor Krause

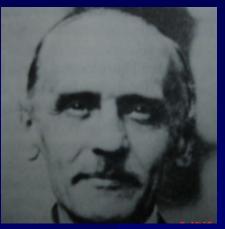
- 1856- 1937
- Father of German surgical neurology
- Extensively used radiography for diagnosis
 - 'Modified' Preganglionic resection of CN V
 - trigeminal neuralgia
- Transfrontal craniotomy- pituitary tumors
- Acoustic neuromas
 - sitting position, intradural posterior fossa craniectomy
 - Suprasellar subtentorial approach to pineal gland & posterior third ventricle

Neurosurgical Giants Otfrid Foerster

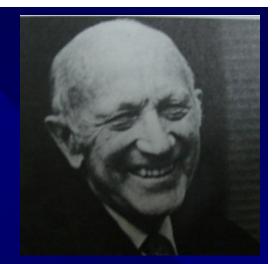
1873-1941



- Defined dermatomal borders
- Anterolateral cordotomy: for pains
- Successful removal of intramedullary tumor
- Surgery for post traumatic epilepsy
 - + Altenburger: 1st EEG of brain tumor
- Hyperventilation to evoke seizure
- Coined psychomotor epilepsy



Neurosurgical Giants Wilder Graves Penfield



- 1891-1976, "Greatest living canadian"
- Centrencephalic theory of generalised epilepsy
 - + Herbert Jasper: Montreal procedure
 - t/t seizure by destroying originating nerve cells
 - 'Penfield dissector'
 - "Montreal neurological institute"

Neurosurgical Giants A Earl Walker

- 1907-1995
- Topical application of penicillin (EEG)
- Stereotaxic or functional neurosurgery
- Post traumatic epilepsy
- Anatomic studies on thalamic systems
 - Dandy Walker syndrome

Neurosurgical Giants William H Sweet

- + Gordon Brownell- PET
- Boron Neutron Capture therapy for brain tumors
- Pituitary stalk section
 - diabetic retinopathy
 - Percutaneous thermal rhizotomy
 - Trigeminal neuralgia
 - hypothermia during neurosurgical operations
 - First carotid bifurcation reconstruction

Neurosurgical Giants Irwing S Cooper

- Pioneer in functional neurosurgery
- Parkinson Disease
- ligated anterior choroidal artery to control tremor and rigidity
- chemopallidectomy and cryothalamectomy
- electrical stimulate cerebellum/ thalamus
- to treat spasticity

Neurosurgical Giants Mahmud Gazi Yasargil

- Turkish, Greatest 20th century neurosurgeon Founder of microneurosurgery
- 1967: first cerebral vascular bypass under M/E Invented
 - floating microscope,
 - self retaining adjustable retractor,
 - microsurgical instruments,
 - ergonomic aneurysm clips and appliers

Neurosurgical Giants Albert Rhoton Jr

- University of florida
- Fatherly figure for microscopic neurosurgery
- Brain anatomy microsurgical perspective
- Microneurosurgical techniques

Neurosurgical Giants Prof. Balasubramaniam Ramamurthi

- 1922-2003
- October 24, 1950 started the neurosurgical service at the Government General Hospital, Chennai.
- December 8, 1951 Neurological Society of India- founder Secretary
- First editor of Neurology India
 - 1970, Institute of Neurology
 - 1st comprehensive neurosciences center, South Asia

- Herbert Olivercrona- AVM, parasagittal meningioma
- Norman McOmish Dott- aneurysm, facial pain
- Sir Geoffrey Jefferson- atlas #
- Charles Harrison Frazier
 - subtemporal approach (tic douloureux), cordotomy
- Charles Albert Elsberg- spinal cord surgery
- James Clark White- ANS, chronic pain, neuroprotection
- William Jason Mixter-herniated PIVD ,spinal injuries

Max Minor Peet- pineal gland, senory root (gasserian ganglion) division, 50% dextrose in raised ICP, arterial HTN (B/L splanchnic section), favored local anaesthesia

Kenneth G Mckenzie- TCS, clips, skull tongs

Hugo Krayenbuhl

Gerard Guiot- hypothermia in NS, pituitary tumors (TNTS), thalamus, stereotaxic frame, parasaggital approach

Paul C Bucy- premotor cortex, oliogdendroglioma

Alfred W Adson- nerve regeneration, sympathectomy (PVD),ANS, upright position, vertical incision

Howard Christian Naffziger-

- SDH, CSF spaces, pineal shift, occipital flap, fascial fringe closure, depressed skull fracture, orbital decompression in exophthalmos, scalenus anterior syndr (Naffziger syndrome), B/L jugular compression test (Naffziger's test)
- Murray Falconer- amygdalohippocampectomy
 - Lars Leksell- stereotaxis, radiosurgery, Leksell rongeurs, recanalisation of cerebral aqueduct in atresia
 - Frank Henderson Mayfield
 - Jules Hardy- microscopic transeptal approach
 - Madjid Samii- microscopic nerve repair

Three Frontal lobe Guys:

- Egas Moniz
- Walter J. Freeman (lobotomist)
- Spafford Ackerly
- "The Tritarians" 3 great figures of 20th medicine
 - Harvery Cushing
 - Arnold Carl Klebs (Switzerland)
 - John Farquhar Fulton

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THANK YOU